

## HM3 HW – GRAPHING STEP FUNCTIONS

 NAME Key

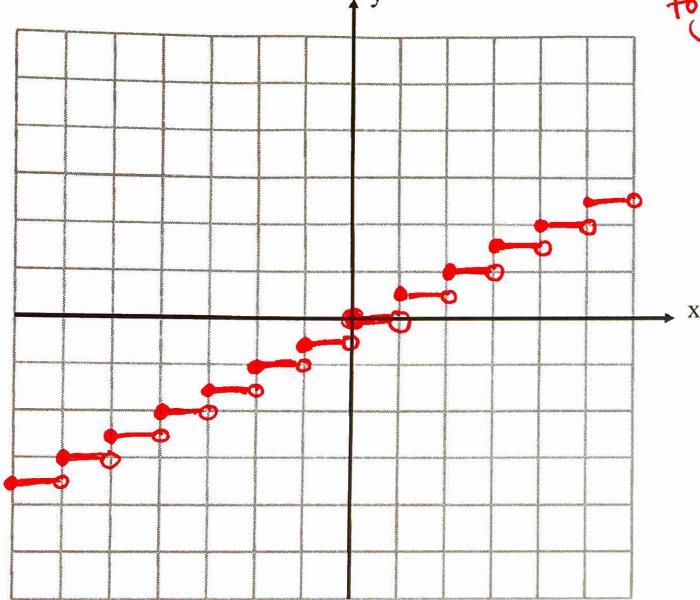
Graph the following step functions. Fill out an x/y chart to create ordered pairs. Describe the transformations from the parent graph.

Floor → Round DOWN

1.  $f(x) = \frac{1}{2}\lfloor x \rfloor$

$x$	0	$\frac{1}{2}$	1	$1\frac{1}{2}$	2
$f(x)$	0	0	$\frac{1}{2}$	$\frac{1}{2}$	1

- steps are  $\frac{1}{2}$  as tall or twice as close together

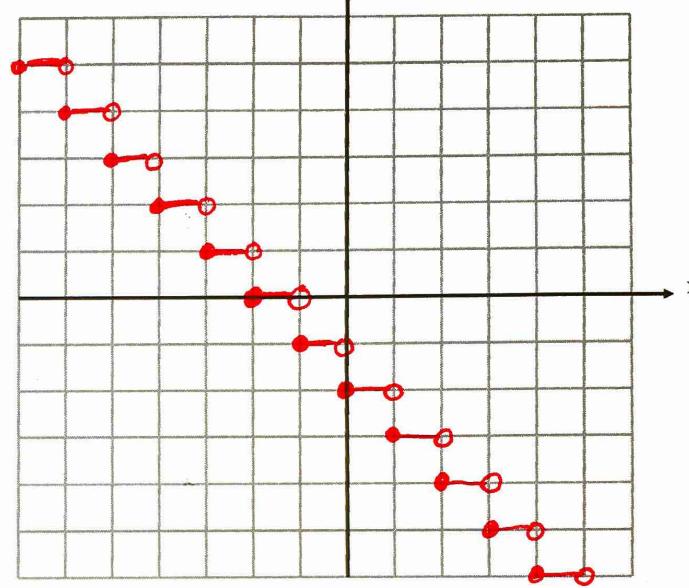


Floor → Round DOWN

2.  $g(x) = -\lfloor x + 2 \rfloor$

$x$	0	$\frac{1}{2}$	1	$1\frac{1}{2}$	2
$g(x)$	-2	-2	-3	-3	-4

- flips
- shifts left 2

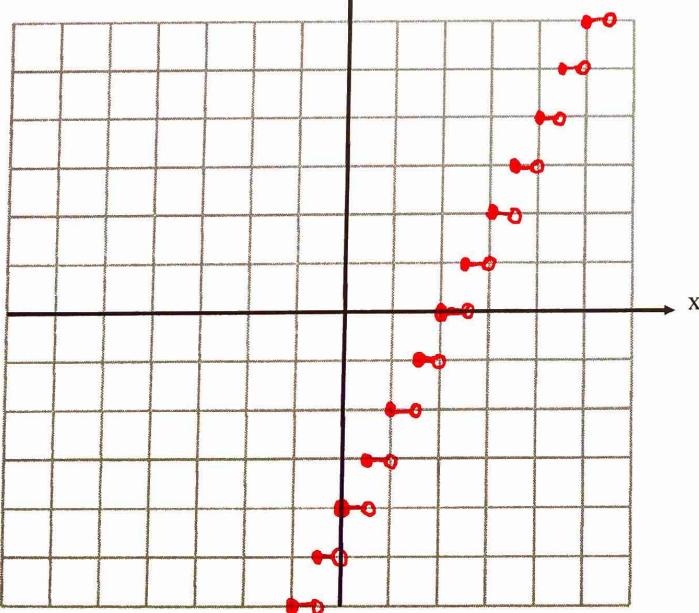


3.  $h(x) = \lfloor 2x \rfloor - 4$

Floor → Round Down

$x$	0	$\frac{1}{4}$	$\frac{1}{2}$	$\frac{3}{4}$	1
$h(x)$	-4	-4	-3	-3	-2

- shifts down 4
- steps are  $\frac{1}{2}$  as wide or two times shorter



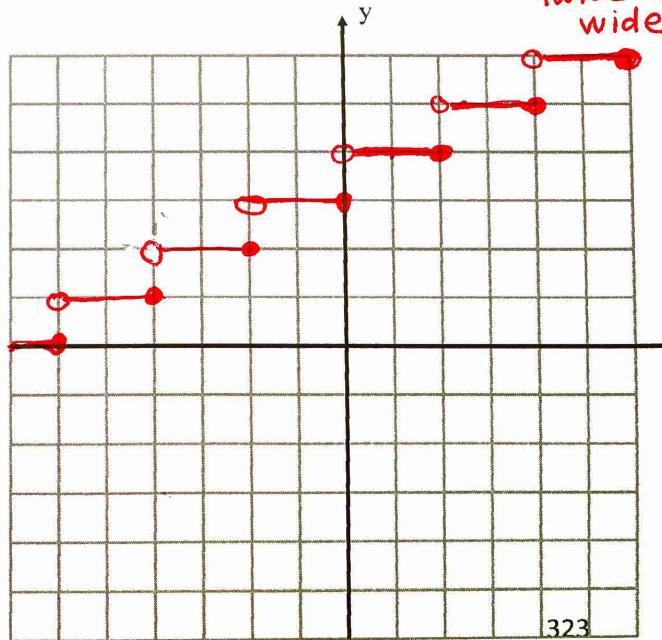
ceiling → Round UP

4.  $f(x) = \lceil \frac{1}{2}x \rceil + 3$

$x$	0	$\frac{1}{2}$	1	$1\frac{1}{2}$	$2\frac{1}{2}$
$f(x)$	3	4	4	4	5

- shifts up 3

- steps are twice as wide

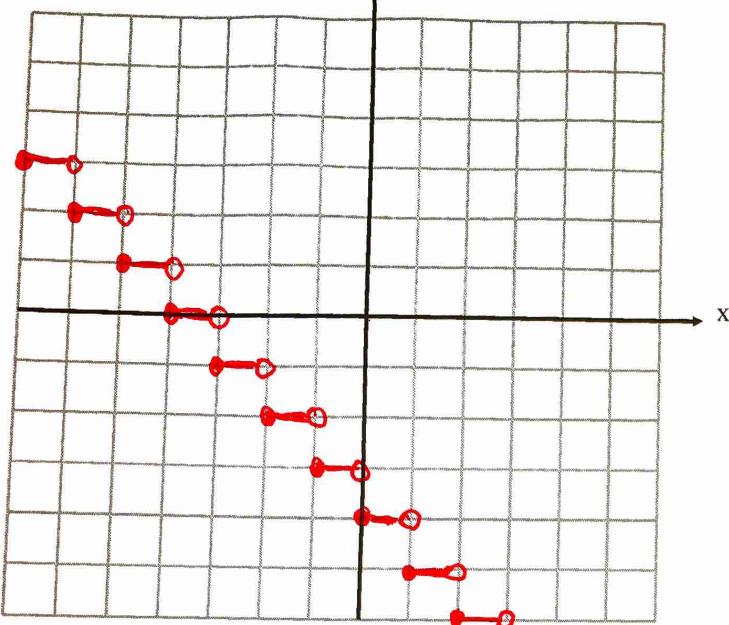


ceiling  $\rightarrow$  round up

5.  $g(x) = \lceil -x \rceil - 4$

- shifts down 4
- flips

$x$	0	$\frac{1}{2}$	1	$1\frac{1}{2}$	2
$g(x)$	-4	-4	-5	-5	-6

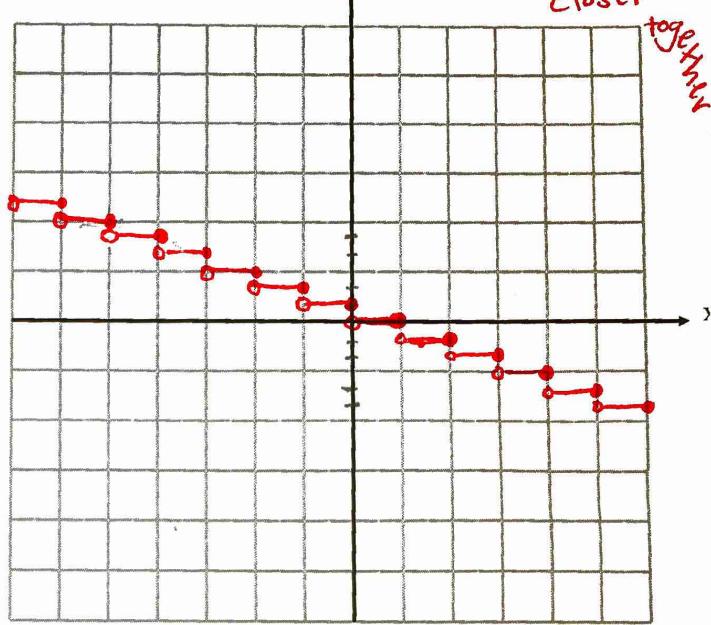


ceiling  $\rightarrow$  round up

6.  $h(x) = -\frac{1}{3}\lceil x - 1 \rceil$

- shifts right 1
- flips
- steps are  $\frac{1}{3}$  as high/closer together

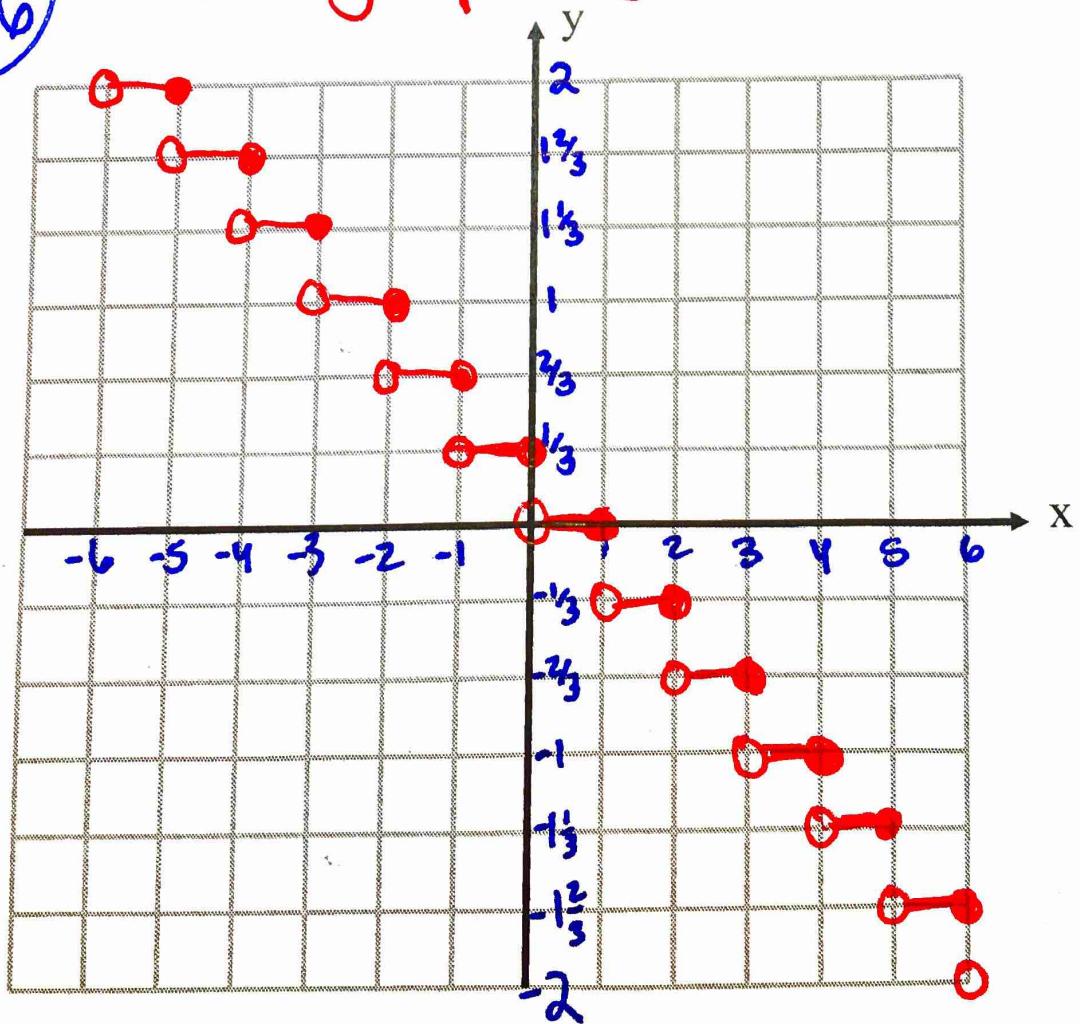
$x$	0	$\frac{1}{2}$	1	$1\frac{1}{2}$	2
$h(x)$	$\frac{1}{3}$	0	0	$-\frac{1}{3}$	$-\frac{1}{3}$



Another way to  
graph  
#6:

\*you can change your y-axis to go  
up by increments of  $\frac{1}{3}$  to  
make graphing easier\*

#6



Given that  $f(x) = |x|$  is the parent function, describe the transformation of  $g(x)$ . FLOOR

7.  $g(x) = \left\lfloor \frac{1}{2}x + 2 \right\rfloor$

- shifts left 4
- steps are twice as wide/long  
(horizontal stretch)

8.  $g(x) = -|x| + 4$

- flips
- shifts up 4

9.  $g(x) = \lfloor -x - 6 \rfloor$

- shifts left 6
- flips

Given that  $f(x) = |x|$  is the parent function, describe the transformation of  $g(x)$ . CEILING

10.  $g(x) = 2|x| - 7$

- shifts down 7
- steps are twice as tall/higher  
(vertical stretch)

11.  $g(x) = -[4x]$

- flips
- steps are  $\frac{1}{4}$  as wide/ 4 times shorter  
(horizontal)

12.  $g(x) = \lceil -x + 1 \rceil + 5$

- shifts up 5
- flips
- shifts right 1