

## HW 2 – GEOMETRIC SEQUENCES

NAME Key Spring 17

Determine if the following are Arithmetic (A), Geometric (G), or neither (N). If it is Arithmetic or Geometric, find the recursive and explicit formulas.

1.  $-9, -2, 5, 12, 19$

Arithmetic

Recursive:  $a_1 = -9 \quad a_n = a_{n-1} + 7$

Explicit:  $a_n = -9 + (n-1)(7)$

$$a_n = -9 + 7n - 7$$

$$a_n = 7n - 16$$

3.  $\frac{1}{4}, \frac{2}{5}, \frac{3}{6}, \frac{4}{7}$

Neither5. Find the 7<sup>th</sup> term of the sequence

$$\begin{aligned} a_1 &= -1 & -1, 5, -25, \dots \\ r &= -5 \\ n &= 7 \end{aligned}$$

$$a_7 = -1(-5)^{7-1}$$

$$a_7 = -15,625$$

2.  $5, 25, 125, 625$

Geometric

Recursive:  $a_1 = 5 \quad a_n = a_{n-1} \cdot 5$

Explicit:  $a_n = 5(5)^{n-1}$

4.  $-3, 18, -54, \dots$

Geometric

Recursive:  $a_1 = -3 \quad a_n = a_{n-1} \cdot -6$

Explicit:  $a_n = -3(-6)^{n-1}$

7. Complete the sequence:

$$4, \underline{8}, \underline{16}, \underline{32}, \underline{64}, 128$$

$$\begin{aligned} a_1 &= 4 \\ a_6 &= 128 \\ 128 &= 4(r)^{6-1} \end{aligned}$$

$$32 = r^5$$

$$\sqrt[5]{32} = r$$

$$2 = r$$

6. State the 10<sup>th</sup> term of the sequence

$$a_1 = \frac{5}{128}, \frac{5}{128}, \frac{5}{64}, \frac{5}{32}, \dots$$

$$r=2 \quad a_{10} = \frac{5}{128}(2)^{10-1}$$

$$a_{10} = 20$$

8. Complete the sequence:

$$a_1 = \frac{1}{25}, \underline{\quad}, \underline{\quad}, \underline{\quad}, 25$$

$$\begin{aligned} a_5 &= 25 \\ 25 &= \frac{1}{25}(r)^{5-1} \end{aligned}$$

$$\underline{\frac{1}{5}}, \underline{\frac{1}{25}}, \underline{\frac{1}{125}}$$

$$625 = r^4$$

$$\pm \sqrt[4]{625} = r$$

$$\pm 5 = r$$

OR

$$\underline{-\frac{1}{5}}, \underline{\frac{1}{25}}, \underline{-\frac{1}{125}}$$

9. The 3<sup>rd</sup> term of a geometric progression is 432

And the 5<sup>th</sup> term is 243. Find the 8<sup>th</sup> term.

$$a_3 = 432 \quad a_5 = 243 \quad a_8 = ?$$

manipulate eqn:  $a_n = 432(r)^{n-3}$

find r:  $243 = 432(r)^{5-3}$

$$\frac{9}{16} = r^2$$
$$\pm \frac{3}{4} = r$$

$$r = \frac{3}{4} :$$

$$a_8 = 432\left(\frac{3}{4}\right)^{8-3}$$

$$a_8 = \frac{6561}{64}$$

11. How many terms are in the sequence:

11250, 2250, 450, ... 18

$$a_1 = 11250$$

$$r = 1/5$$

$$a_n = 18$$

$$18 = 11250(1/5)^{n-1}$$

$$0.0016 = \left(\frac{1}{5}\right)^{n-1}$$

$$\log_{1/5} 0.0016 = n-1$$

$$4 = n-1$$

$$n=5$$

10. If  $a_2 = 12$  and  $a_5 = -324$  find  $a_{11}$ .

manipulate eqn:  $a_n = 12(r)^{n-2}$

find r:  $-324 = 12(r)^{5-2}$

$$-27 = r^3$$
$$-3 = r$$

find  $a_{11}$ :  $a_{11} = 12(-3)^{11-2}$

$$a_{11} = -236196$$

12. Which term is 729 in the sequence:

$$\frac{1}{27}, \frac{1}{9}, \frac{1}{3}, \dots$$

$$a_1 = \frac{1}{27}$$

$$r = 3$$

$$a_n = 729$$

$$729 = \frac{1}{27}(3)^{n-1}$$

$$19683 = 3^{n-1}$$

$$\log_3 19683 = n-1$$

$$9 = n-1$$

$$10 = n$$